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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/590,398 08/23/2006		Petra Gisela Rigassi-Dietrich	33688-US-PCT	8737	
1095 NOVARTIS	7590 05/07/201	0	EXAMINER		
CORPORATE ONE HEALTH	INTELLECTUAL PROPE	OPERTY	VU, JAKE MINH		
=	ER, NJ 07936-1080		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1618		
		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
			05/07/2010	PAPER	

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Symmothy		Applica	tion No.	No. Applicant(s)				
		10/590	398	RIGASSI-DIETRICH ET AL.				
Office Action Summary			er	Art Unit				
		JAKE M		1618				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communica or Reply	tion appears on t	he cover sheet with the o	correspondence ad	dress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL asions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community or to reply is specified above, the maximum statute or to reply within the set or extended period for reply will reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	LING DATE OF .  7 CFR 1.136(a). In no cation.  bry period will apply and, by statute, cause the a	THIS COMMUNICATIO event, however, may a reply be till will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from pplication to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this of the (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•			
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <i>28 January 20</i>	010					
•	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.							
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-,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>21,22,24-29 and 32-39</u> is/are	pending in the a	oplication.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
· —	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>21,22,24-29 and 32-39</u> is/are rejected.							
· ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	,						
	Claim(s) are subject to restrictio	n and/or election	requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
	The specification is objected to by the E	vaminer						
•	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a		h) objected to by the	Evaminer				
10/	Applicant may not request that any objection		· ·					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the		•		FR 1 121(d)			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to be	-		-	, ,			
	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	, and <b>=</b> //ammon						
	-	foreign priority (	undor 25 II S.C. \$ 110/a	) (d) or (f)				
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for ☐ All  b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	loreign priority t	inder 55 0.5.C. § 119(a	<i>j</i> -(u) or (i).				
a)		cuments have b	en received					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
	see the attached detailed effice deticity		ramod dopied flot receive	<b>54</b> .				
Attachmen	t(e)							
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	/ (PTO-413)				
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO	-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate				
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date		5) Notice of Informal F	Patent Application				
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Application/Control Number: 10/590,398 Page 2

Art Unit: 1618

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Receipt is acknowledged of Applicant's Election Requirement filed on 01/28/2010 and 10/23/2009; and Amendment filed on 06/10/2009.

• Claims 1-14 have been cancelled.

Claims 15-18 have been amended.

Claims 21-39 have been added.

Claims 15-39 are pending in the instant application.

Claims 15-20, 23, 30-31 are withdrawn from consideration.

#### Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election of "film-coated tablet" and "332mg" in the reply filed on 10/23/2009 and 01/28/2010 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

#### **Double Patenting**

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422

F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 21-22, 24-29, 32-39 provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over copending Application No. 11/153,728; 11/119,273; and 11/219,273 **are maintained** for reasons of record in the previous office action filed on 03/09/2009.

Note, it is acknowledged that Applicant requests that the Office hold all provisional double patenting rejections in abeyance pending claim allowance.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 32 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 32 recites the limitation "about 332 mg" in claim 31. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim, because claim 31 recites "about 166 mg" and claim 31 is a withdrawn claim. The Examiner assumes claim 32 should have been dependent on claim 29. Note, withdrawn claim 31 has the same issue.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 21-22, 24-29, 32-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a,e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over WEBB (US 2003/0114389).

Applicant's claims are directed to a composition comprising of: about 332 mg of aliskiren in the hemi-fumarate salt form; fillers, such as microcrystalline; disintegrant; lubricant; glidant; binder; and a film-coating. Additional limitation includes: 46-60% of aliskiren; is not produced by wet granulation using water and/or aqueous binder solution, such as organic solvents.

WEBB teaches a composition comprised of: 100mg (see [0077]) of formula I (see [0001]), which is aliskiren, in the hemi-fumarate salt form (see [0077]); a filler, such as microcrystalline (see [0079]); a disintegrant, such as sodium carboxymethyl starch (see [0077]); a lubricant, such as magnesium stearate (see [0077]); a glidant, such as colloidal silicic acid (see [0077]); a binder, such as corn starch (see [0077]); and a film-

Art Unit: 1618

coating (see [0076]). Additional disclosure includes: about 1-80% of the active compound (see [0067]); 45.5% of aliskiren (see example in [0077]); the active compound could be made in ranges of 10-500mg (see [0072]); the composition could be made by other methods than wet granulation, such as convention mixing, coating, and lyophilizing processes (see [0067]).

Note, with regard to claim 39, this claim recites a composition, and the intended use recited in the preamble would reasonably appear not to be a claim limitation. "If the claim preamble, when read in the context of the entire claim, recites limitations of the claim, or, if the claim preamble is 'necessary to give life, meaning, and vitality' to the claim, then the claim preamble should be construed as if in the balance of the claim...If, however, the body of the claim fully and intrinsically sets forth the complete invention, including all of its limitations, and the preamble offers no distinct definition of any of the claimed invention's limitations, but rather merely states, for example, the purpose or intended use of the invention, then the preamble is of no significance to claim construction because it cannot be said to constitute or explain a claim limitation." Pitney Bowes, Inc. v. Hewlett Packard Co., 182 F.3d 1298, 1305, 51 USPQ2d 1161, 1165-66 (Fed. Cir. 1999). Thus, the intended use of treating hypertension in the composition claims is met by the prior art, because the prior art compositions would be at least capable of performing said use.

Note, even though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-

by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process. In re Thorpe, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985). In this case, the method of producing the composition by not using wet granulation with excipients using water and/or an aqueous binder solution has no patentable limitation, since the prior art's product has the same ingredients as claimed by Applicant.

Page 6

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Application/Control Number: 10/590,398 Page 7

Art Unit: 1618

Telephonic Inquiries

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to JAKE M. VU whose telephone number is (571)272-

8148. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Tue and Thu-Fri 8:30AM-

5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Michael Hartley can be reached on (571) 272-0616. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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/Jake M. Vu/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1618